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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/507,410	09/13/2004	Roger Y. Leung	H0002489 (4780)	6880
Richard S Robe	7590 09/13/200 erts	EXAMINER		
Roberts & Mer		CAMERON, ERMA C		
PO Box 484 Princeton, NJ 08542-0484			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·			1762	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/13/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)						
Office Action Summary		10/507,41	0	LEUNG ET AL.	LEUNG ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		/Erma Car		1762					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n							
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)	☑ This action is n	on-final.	•					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-47</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-47</u> is/are rejected.								
· —	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election r	equirement.						
Applicati	on Papers								
9)[The specification is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)	objected to by the	e Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance. S	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a)	a)⊠ All b)⊡ Some * c)⊡ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
Attachmen	tie)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)									
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Information Other:	Patent Application					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1, 8, 9, 12, 18-21, 23 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- a) Claims 1, 8 and 9: it is not clear if the nucleophilic additive of claims 8 and 9 are the same or different from the nucleophiles of claim 1.
- b) 12 and 21: it is not clear what "amu" stands for.
- c) Claims 18-20: there is no antecedent basis for "step".
- d) Claim 23: it is not clear if the alkyl chain and alkyl ether moiety are one and the same or not.
- e) Claim 39: it is not clear how the entire compound can be considered a leaving group.

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Claim Objections

3. Claims 1-47 are objected to because of the following informalities:

There should be a consistent spelling for prepolymer (pre-polymer).

Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

5. Claims 1-46 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-42 of copending Application No. 10/507411. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct

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from each other because '410 does not claim that the porogen does not bond to the prepolymer, but both '410 and 411 use the same porogens.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 7. Claims 34-37 and 44-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being clearly anticipated by EP 1142832.

'832 teaches a porous, low dielectric Si composition also comprising tetramethylammonium as a nucleophilic additive and propylene glycol monopropyl ether as porogen, to be used in a spinning process (see Abstract; [0008] [0042] [0048]. The composition has low levels of alkali metal impurities. The effect of lowering T formation would be inherent in the composition.

8. Claims 34-36, 38-40 and 43-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being clearly anticipated by WO 2001/86709.

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'709 teaches a porous low dielectric Si-based film with tetraacetoxysilane and methyltriacetoxysilane, polyethylene glycol monomethylether or polypropylene glycol monobutyl ether as porogen and an amine or acid catalyst or tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide for a spin coating process (2:29; 3:26-32; 4:20-29; 13:1-8; 15:14; 18:10-21; 22:11). The effect of lowering T formation would be inherent in the composition.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 41 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 1142832 or WO 2001/86709 taken in view of Jiang (6673847).

'832 and '709 are applied here for the reasons given above.

Neither reference teaches the ethers of claims 41 and 42 as porogen.

'847 teaches polyethylene glycol dimethyl ether as a porogen. The polypropylene ether of claim 41 would be a homolog to this.

It would have been obvious to substitute the porogen of '847 or its propylene homolog into the '832 or '709 processes, with the reasoned expectation of success in substituting one conventional porogen for another.

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11. Claims 1-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

WO2001/86709.

'709 is applied here for the reasons given above.

'709 teaches the inventive process (3:26-32), including a heating step as part of step c) at 25-200 degrees C, the silane precursor compounds as claimed with MW 150-10000, porogens with the properties claimed by claim 17 and 21, amines, tetramethylammonium hydroxide, solvents such as alcohols, and water as the composition to be spin coated to a film of 1.5-3.8 k and pores <10 nm. '709 does not refer to step c) as crosslinking, but it would appear that because the same materials and processes are used, that crosslinking will occur in c) (3:21-32; 4:1-5:31; 6:18-25; 10:1-9; 11:33-12:34; 14:14-15:15; 16:5-17:2; 18:10-25)

Conclusion

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to /Erma Cameron/ whose telephone number is 571-272-1416. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-6:00, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on 571-272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Erma Cameron/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762

September 11, 2007